



# High-performance battery negative electrode materials

High entropy oxides (HEOs) with chemically disordered multi-cation structure attract intensive interest as negative electrode materials for battery applications. The outstanding...

6 &#0183; Layered Ni-rich Li  $[\text{Ni}_x \text{Co}_y \text{Mn}_z]\text{O}_2$  (NMC) and Li  $[\text{Ni}_x \text{Co}_y \text{Al}_z]\text{O}_2$  (NCA) cathode materials have been used in the realm of extended-range electric vehicles, primarily because of their superior energy density, cost-effectiveness, and commendable ...

A two-layer  $\text{LiNi}_{0.8} \text{Mn}_{0.1} \text{Co}_{0.1} \text{O}_2$  (NMC811) cathode has been designed and fabricated containing a "power layer" and "energy layer", with corresponding porosity and particle size prescribed to each layer to achieve best utilization of electrode material (maximum integrated depth of discharge across the electrode thickness) at ...

The LIBs-type negative electrode materials are commonly used as the negative electrodes in LICs, including graphite, hard carbon [11, 12], phosphides, and metal oxides/sulfides [14, 15]. Due to its laminar structure, easy preparation, and high theoretical specific capacity (1231 mAh g<sup>-1</sup>),  $\text{SnS}_2$  garners increasing attention.

Current research appears to focus on negative electrodes for high-energy systems that will be discussed in this review with a particular focus on C, Si, and P. This new generation of batteries requires the optimization of Si, and black and red phosphorus in ...

Introduction of porous electrode materials represents one of the most attractive strategies to dramatically enhance battery performance such as capacity, rate capability, cycling life, and safety. In this paper, the applications of porous negative electrodes for rechargeable lithium-ion batteries and properties of porous structure have been ...

1 Introduction. Efficient energy storage systems are crucial for realizing sustainable daily life using portable electronic devices, electric vehicles (EVs), and smart grids. [] The rapid development of lithium-ion batteries ...

Hybrid capacitors should ideally exhibit high volumetric energy density, favorable low-temperature performance and safe operation. Here we describe a negative electrode comprising an intercalated ...

The future development of low-cost, high-performance electric vehicles depends on the success of next-generation lithium-ion batteries with higher energy density. The lithium metal negative ...

Since the 1950s, lithium has been studied for batteries since the 1950s because of its high energy density. In the earliest days, lithium metal was directly used as the anode of the battery, and materials such as manganese dioxide ( $\text{MnO}_2$ ) and iron disulphide ( $\text{FeS}_2$ ) were used as the cathode in this battery. However, lithium



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precipitates ...

The exploration of N-doped TiO<sub>2</sub> nanofibers as bifunctional materials could yield high-capacity performance and excellent long-term cycling anode/cathode for these battery full cells. Computational modelling can also be recommended to ensure that the most active phases are targeted for improved electrochemical performance.

This study quantifies the extent of this variability by providing commercially sourced battery materials--LiNi<sub>0.6</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Co<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> for the positive electrode, Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Cl as the solid ...

For rate capability tests, results are shown in Fig. 3c,d for Si baseline and Si/TiGL 150. Si baseline shows discharge capacities of 1100, 800, 550, 400, 300 and 200 mAh g<sup>-1</sup> at 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 ...

zinc electrodes, surface modification of electrode materials and finding alternative active materials. Over the past several years, we have proposed Zn-Al layered double hydroxides (Zn-Al LDHs)<sup>4-10</sup> and Zn-Al layered double oxides (Zn-Al LDOs)<sup>11-13</sup> as novel zinc electrode materials, and both of them exhibit better ...

Here an efficient TiB<sub>2</sub>-based modified layer has been proposed to address bare Al electrodes (Al/TB). Consequently, the low-voltage hysteresis and long cycle life of the Al/TB negative electrode have been achieved. In addition, the electrochemical performance of the Al--Te battery based on the Al/TB negative electrode is dramatically improved.

The incorporation of a high-energy negative electrode system comprising Li metal and silicon is particularly crucial. A strategy utilizing previously developed high-energy anode materials is advantageous for fabricating solid-state batteries with high ...

Si-based materials can store up to 2.8 times the amount of lithium per unit volume as graphite, making them highly attractive for use as the negative electrode in Li-ion batteries.[1,2] Si-TiN alloys for Li-ion battery negative electrodes were introduced by Kim et al. in 2000.[3] These alloys were made by high-energy ball milling Si and TiN ...

Fig. 1 (a) shows the SEM image of RLM electrode materials by one step stirring. RLM distribute in the conductive agent in an elliptical rod shape. The particle size is between tens of microns and 200 nm. High-speed stirring can directly prepare RLM electrode materials, avoiding the occurrence of agglomeration (Figure S2). However, ...

Here, we present the synthesis of a novel porosity core-shell oriented NiS<sub>2</sub>@C-rGO hybrid network for high-performance supercapacitors using a simple hydrothermal method. The NiS<sub>2</sub>@C-rGO nanocomposite is a three-dimensional material made up of clusters of NiS<sub>2</sub> nanoparticles coated in carbon and rGO nanosheets. To ...



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For a nonaqueous sodium-ion battery (NIB), phosphorus materials have been studied as the highest-capacity negative electrodes. However, the large volume change of phosphorus upon cycling at low voltage causes the formation of new active surfaces and potentially results in electrolyte decomposition at the active surface, which ...

Solid-state electrolytes, new electrode materials [6], and advanced manufacturing techniques are just a glimpse into the future of LIBs, promising a brighter and more efficient energy landscape. The anode is the negative electrode of the battery [7]. It is typically made of a material such as graphite or lithium metal oxide [[8], [9], [10], [11]

Quinones are highly exploited as cathode materials due to their quick reversible electrochemical behavior and high storage capacity 36. For example, 1,4-benzoquinone can attain a theoretical ...

Electrode materials with pores generally have high tortuosity, which is detrimental to battery performance. ... The electroactive stack consists of 50-100- $\mu\text{m}$ -thick porous positive and negative ...

6 &#0183; Nanostructured materials have the characteristics of faster kinetics and stability, making nanoscale electrode materials play a key role in electrochemical energy storage field [8]. Nanomaterials can be categorized into zero-dimensional (0D) nanoparticles, one ...

Hierarchical porous carbon@PbO<sub>1-x</sub> composite for high-performance lead-carbon battery . towards renewable energy storage, Energy. 193 (2020) 116675. ... possess higher power performance than ...

Great efforts have been made in developing high-performance electrode materials for rechargeable batteries. Herein, we summarize the current electrode particulate materials from four aspects: crystal structure, particle morphology, pore structure, and surface/interface structure, and we review typically studies of various ...

Abstract We report a new class of high-capacity chalcogen-carbon composite negative electrodes for Na rechargeable batteries, consisting of tellurium-infiltrated ordered mesoporous carbon CMK-3. Its unparalleled electric conductivity makes Te a promising electrode material with high-capacity utilization. The rechargeable cell ...

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The behavior of the same electrode material can be either battery-like or pseudocapacitive, depending on its shape, size, and intercalation ion. Although it can be challenging to draw a precise border, the range of  $b$  values between 0.5 and 1.0 denotes a "transition" area between pseudocapacitive and battery-type materials.

Many challenges still exist for achieving great breakthroughs in high-performance batteries for large-scale



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applications. 7, 21, 22 Compared with nanotechnology-based designs, the intrinsic phase structures of electrode materials play a more crucial role in lifting battery performance and understanding the battery reaction ...

To improve electrochemical performance of high-capacity LIBs, different design strategies have been undertaken to mitigate the chemomechanical degradation of the high-capacity electrode materials.

Also, the electron/lithium ion transport between the sheets is limited, leading to poor performance for negative electrode materials. ... As a rare metal, Ge has a relatively high cost. During the battery cycle, Ge and lithium ions form a lithium-germanium alloy, which can form a lithium-rich local region which explains the high lithium storage ...

Electrodes (anodes and cathodes) are the reactants of electrochemical reactions in Li-ion batteries. When the circuit is charging, electrons get transferred from the positive electrode (cathode) to the negative electrode (anode) by the external circuit, delivering electrical energy to the circuit.

Though M.S. Whittingham developed the first rechargeable lithium-ion battery in 1976 using  $\text{LiTiS}_2$  as a cathode material, it was J.B. Goodenough who advanced the idea to the commercial level [19]. Goodenough was studying the magnetic behaviour of  $\text{LiCoO}_2$  material when he recognized that it had a similar crystal structure to the layered ...

Abstract. Silicon is getting much attention as the promising next-generation negative electrode materials for lithium-ion batteries with the advantages of abundance, high theoretical specific capacity and environmentally friendliness. In this work, a series ...

Tin-based nanocomposite materials embedded in carbon frameworks can be used as effective negative electrode materials for lithium-ion batteries (LIBs), owing to their high theoretical capacities with stable cycle performance. In this work, a low-cost and productive facile hydrothermal method was employed for the preparation of a Sn/C ...

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