

Study with Quizlet and memorize flashcards containing terms like Thylakoids contain clusters of chlorophyll and proteins known as \_\_\_\_\_\_. They absorb sunlight and generate high-energy \_\_\_\_\_ that pass along the \_\_\_\_\_\_, The light-independent reactions of photosynthesis are also known as \_\_\_\_\_\_. During this process, energy from ATP and \_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to assemble high-energy ...

The light energy is passed through the pigment into Photosystems I & II. Effectively, this complex system of membrane proteins uses sunlight energy to create ATP. The ATP carries energy to the Calvin Cycle, ...

The energy efficiency of photosynthesis is the ratio of the energy stored to the energy of light absorbed. The chemical energy stored is the difference between that contained in gaseous oxygen and organic compound products and the energy of water, carbon dioxide, and other reactants. The amount of energy stored can only be estimated because many products ...

Figure (PageIndex{1}) Forms of Energy (a) Thermal energy results from atomic and molecular motion; molten steel at 2000°C has a very high thermal energy content. (b) Radiant energy (e.g., from the sun) is the energy in light, microwaves, and radio waves. (c) Lightning is an example of electrical energy, which is due to the flow of electrically charged ...

The energy stored in carbohydrate molecules from photosynthesis passes through the food chain. The predator that eats these deer is getting energy that originated in the photosynthetic vegetation that the deer consumed. ... By transforming light energy into chemical energy, photosynthesis provides the energy used by organisms, whether those ...

This pigment absorbs light energy. Light travels as electromagnetic waves. ... Instead, it supplies energy -stored in the ATP and NADPH -- that gets plugged into the Calvin cycle. This is where sugar is made. But the light reaction ...

In the light-dependent reactions, energy absorbed by sunlight is stored by two types of energy-carrier molecules: ATP and NADPH. The energy that these molecules carry is stored in a bond that holds a single atom to the molecule. ...

It's hard to store light as light because the most common way light interacts with matter is through absorption and emission, which is how mirrors work. However light rays can be bent by gravity, so it would be possible to arrange several massive stars in a way such ...

Burning coal and petroleum also releases stored solar energy: These fuels are fossilized plant and animal matter. ... Heat is usually released or absorbed, but sometimes the conversion involves light, electrical energy, or ...



Gravitational energy stems from the gravitational field around our planet (and other bodies). It arises, for example, when a skier rides a ski lift on a mountain slope. The higher the skier travels, the more potential energy is stored. Once they set off down the slope, this stored energy is transferred into kinetic energy as they speed down the ...

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Energy change: Light energy -> Chemical energy: Chemical energy in food -> Chemical energy that cells can use + heat energy + kinetic energy: Word equation: carbon dioxide + water -> glucose ...

The sun transforms nuclear energy into light energy and thermal energy; Lightning converts electrical energy into light energy, heat energy, and sound energy; Rubbing hands together converts kinetic energy into thermal energy; Flashlight converts electrical energy into light energy; An object speeds up when it falls. Its potential energy is ...

Chemical energy is defined as the form of potential energy stored within atoms and molecules. Usually, it's the energy stored within chemical bonds, but it's also the energy of the electron arrangement of ions and atoms emical energy is observed when a chemical reaction occurs or matter changes forms. Energy is either absorbed or released when ...

Potential energy is stored by an object because of its position or state. ... Light energy from the Sun is transferred into electrical energy (another form of energy) by a solar panel.

Burning coal and petroleum also releases stored solar energy: These fuels are fossilized plant and animal matter. ... Heat is usually released or absorbed, but sometimes the conversion involves light, electrical energy, or some other form of energy. For example, chemical energy (a type of potential energy) is stored in the molecules that ...

Recall that the overall equation for photosynthesis is: water + carbon dioxide -> oxygen, water, and simple sugars.  $12H \ 2 \ 0 + 6CO \ 2$ ->  $6O \ 2 + 6H \ 2 \ O + C \ 6 \ H \ 12 \ O \ 6$ . This equation is made up of two parts called half-reactions. The first half-reaction is an equation summarizing the Light Reaction, where energy from sunlight is used to split water molecules into oxygen gas, some ...

Plants have special light-absorbing pigments called chlorophyll lorophyll pigments can be found inside a plant cell's chloroplasts, which are small organelles that store the sun's energy lorophyll is also what makes the plant green, because it absorbs energy from blue and red light waves and reflects the green light waves.

Generating an Energy Carrier: ATP. In the light-dependent reactions, energy absorbed by sunlight is stored by two types of energy-carrier molecules: ATP and NADPH. The energy that these molecules carry is stored in a bond that holds a single atom to the molecule. For ATP, it is a phosphate atom, and for NADPH, it is a



hydrogen atom.

Conservation of Energy. Energy can be transferred usefully, stored or dissipated, but energy cannot be. created or destroyed. Sometimes energy is dissipated, so that it is stored in less useful ways. This energy. is often described as being "wasted". Because energy cannot be lost: Total energy = useful energy + wasted energy

The Calvin cycle is the term used for the reactions of photosynthesis that use the energy stored by the light-dependent reactions to form glucose and other carbohydrate molecules (Figure (PageIndex{1})). Figure (PageIndex{1}): The light-dependent reactions harness energy from the sun to produce ATP and NADPH. These energy-carrying ...

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Mechanical energy is energy stored in objects by tension. Compressed springs and stretched rubber bands are examples of stored mechanical energy. Nuclear energy is energy stored in the nucleus of an atom--the energy that holds the nucleus together. Large amounts of energy can be released when the nuclei are combined or split apart.

Energy close energyEnergy can be stored and transferred. Energy is a conserved quantity. can be described as being in different "stores". Energy cannot be created or destroyed. Energy can be ...

In photosynthesis, light energy is captured and used to convert water and carbon dioxide into oxygen and sugar. This occurs in two steps: 1. Light reactions. In this step, solar energy (light) is converted into chemical energy (ATP). ... The sugar created by photosynthesis is polymerized (combined into long chains) and stored as polymers of ...

When a person turns on a lamp, electrical energy becomes light energy. Like all other forms of kinetic energy, light can travel, change form, and be harnessed to do work. In the case of photosynthesis, light energy is converted into chemical energy, which photoautotrophs use to build carbohydrate molecules (Figure (PageIndex{1})).

This inviting campfire can be used for both heat and light. Heat and light are two forms of energy that are released when a fuel like wood is burned. The cells of living things also get energy by "burning." ... Energy is stored within chemical \_\_\_\_\_ within a glucose molecule. True or False. During cellular respiration, NADH and ATP are used to ...

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Photosynthesis is the process plants and some algae use to convert light energy to chemical energy stored as sugar within chloroplasts -- the energy factories found in plant cells. Plants need only carbon dioxide and ...

After the energy from the sun is converted into chemical energy and temporarily stored in ATP and NADPH molecules, the cell has the fuel needed to build carbohydrate molecules for long-term energy storage. The products of the light-dependent reactions, ATP and NADPH, have lifespans in the range of millionths of seconds, whereas the ...

In the light-dependent reactions, energy from sunlight is absorbed by chlorophyll and that energy is converted into stored chemical energy. In the light-independent reactions, the chemical energy harvested during the light-dependent reactions drives the assembly of sugar molecules from carbon dioxide.

Find step-by-step Biology solutions and the answer to the textbook question During photosynthesis, how is the light energy that strikes the cell transformed into the chemical energy stored in sugars? A. Energy is transferred directly to sugars, with no intermediates. B. Energy is transferred to sugars through intermediates such as  $mathrm{H}_{2}$  mathrm ${O}$ , ...

Generating an Energy Carrier: ATP. In the light-dependent reactions, energy absorbed by sunlight is stored by two types of energy-carrier molecules: ATP and NADPH. The energy that these molecules carry is stored in a bond that holds a single atom or group of atoms to the molecule. For ATP, it is a phosphate group, and for NADPH, it is a ...

Compressed springs and stretched rubber bands are examples of stored mechanical energy. Nuclear energy is energy stored in the nucleus of an atom--the energy that holds the nucleus together. Large amounts of energy can be released when the nuclei are combined or split apart. Gravitational energy is energy stored in an object"s height. The ...

Plants have special light-absorbing pigments called chlorophyll lorophyll pigments can be found inside a plant cell's chloroplasts, which are small organelles that store the sun's energy lorophyll is also what ...

The Calvin cycle is the term used for the reactions of photosynthesis that use the energy stored by the light-dependent reactions to form glucose and other carbohydrate molecules. This process may also be called the light-independent reaction, as it does not directly require sunlight (but it does require the products produced from the light ...

Light-Independent Reactions. After the energy from the sun is converted into chemical energy and temporarily stored in ATP and NADPH molecules (having lifespans of millionths of a second), photoautotrophs have the fuel needed to build multicarbon carbohydrate molecules, which can survive for hundreds of millions of years, for long-term energy storage.

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