

However, the building energy efficiency of S2 was 0.3% higher than that of S1, mainly because the user comfort of S2 was 100%, the energy output on the numerator of the energy efficiency formula for S2 was higher than that for S1, the optimization goal was the lowest cost, and the natural gas energy input in denominator ...

For compression waste heat utilization in the LAES, the Stirling engine represents a novel choice in addition to ORC, KC, and ARC. A Stirling engine is an external combustion engine that converts thermal energy into kinetic energy (for the piston) by heating and cooling the working gas sealed in the cylinders [11] primarily uses the ...

Liquid air energy storage (LAES) technology is a promising large-scale energy storage solution due to its high capacity, scalability, and lack of geographical constraints, making it effective for integrating renewable energy sources. ... Performance analysis revealed that effective compression heat utilization can enhance system ...

Their results indicated that when utilizing a gasification pressure of 4 MPa and R1270/C 2 H 6 (0.3/0.7) as the working fluid, the energy efficiency, efficiency of LNG cold exergy utilization, and exergy efficiency all increased by 36.66%, 33.92%, and 20.01%, respectively. However, the improvement in system performance with binary ...

The overall energetic efficiency of CO 2 conversion is defined by the consumed energy vs the thermodynamic minimum for conversion. In electrochemical reduction, this overall efficiency manifests as the overpotential. Starting from dilute streams of CO 2 has an impact on the thermodynamic minimum free energy for conversion. ...

The specific conclusions are as follows: (1) The cooling capacity of liquid air-based cooling system is non-monotonic to the liquid-air pump head, and there exists an optimal pump head when maximizing the cooling capacity; (2) For a 10 MW data center, the average net power output is 0.76 MW for liquid air-based cooling system, with the ...

1. Introduction. With the development of human society, the energy demand of human is rapidly increasing [1]. Due to the destructiveness of fossil fuels to the environment, renewable energy has got the attention of the countries all over the world [2]. However, with the increasing proportion of renewable energy, the instability of ...

For grid-scale intermittent electricity storage, liquid air energy storage (LAES) is considered to be one of the most promising technologies for storing renewable ...

The theoretical calculation shows that the storage energy of liquid hydrogen is 1452 kWh/m 3, it is 3.63 times



that of normal temperature and high pressure hydrogen and 27 times that of compressed air. The analysis shows that liquid hydrogen can realize high density, large capacity and long cycle storage of renewable energy, and has high ...

Efforts to increase the efficiency of LNG cold-energy utilization in electric power generation systems often ... [39] evaluated power-plant systems that integrated an LNG regasification cycle with a liquid-air energy storage (LAES) system. In that system, LNG was regasified in two trains, which, during peak demand, flowed NG into a parallel ...

Such a high level of energy consumption is due to the low efficiency of the compressors. Compression of hydrogen occurs usually by the reciprocal compressors with a motor efficiency of 92% and an isentropic efficiency of about 55%. The energy consumption for hydrogen cooling up to -40 °C is about 0.21 kWh/kg H 2.

1. Introduction. With the improvement of social living standards and the rising requirements of building comfort, building energy consumption has shown a continuous growth trend, bringing huge pressure to society, energy and the environment [1,2]. As the main body of the energy consumption of a building energy supply system, ...

In other words, both the compactness of batteries and energy utilization efficiency should be taken into account in the design of battery storage environment. Therefore, space utilization rate a and cooling efficiency v were adopted to quantify the effectiveness of wind speed and heating distance settings [57, 58].

Useful output energy is always lower than input energy. Efficiency of power plants, world total, 2008. Energy conversion efficiency (i) is the ratio between the useful output of an energy conversion machine and the input, in energy terms. The input, as well as the useful output may be chemical, electric power, mechanical work, light (radiation), or heat. ...

The main reasons for the low speed of the energy transition are the relatively low cost of fossil fuels in comparison with carbon-free fuels and the long investment cycle of power equipment (for instance, the investment cycle of the steam and gas turbine power plant is more than 20 years) [5], [6]. Accordingly, the power equipment ...

Pump isentropic efficiency - 0.75: Inter-stage cooling temperature of compressors: K: 313: ... Fig. 7 is the T-s diagrams of the liquid air energy storage unit (LASU) ... Enhancement of round trip efficiency of liquid air energy storage through effective utilization of heat of compression. Appl Energy, 206 (2017), ...

Fig. 1 shows a novel integrated system based on cascade utilization of LNG cold energy based on the previously published work [23]. The system is combined with five subsystems including combustion power generation system, Organic Rankine cycle system, Transcritical CO 2 cycle system, CO 2 hydrate energy



storage system, ...

These three modes achieve the highest energy storage efficiency of 51.48%, the highest thermal efficiency of 94.99%, and the highest energy storage density of 17.60 MJ/m³, respectively. Huang et al. (2021) introduced a novel CAES system, the optimized heat storage medium and exhaust temperature reduced the exhaust energy ...

The electrical power consumed by the pump, P pump, is calculated using the following formula: (27) P pump = f · L D ch · u w 2 2 · r w · A ch · u w · n ch where D ch is the equivalent diameter of pump outlet, m; u w is the cooling water flow rate, m/s; r w ...

Adiabatic efficiencies for compressors, expanders, and pumps are assumed to be constant at 85, 90 and 80%, respectively. The adiabatic efficiency for the cryo-turbine is assumed to be 75%. Pressure drops and heat losses ...

In this paper, the efficient utilization of liquefied natural gas (LNG) vaporization cold energy in offshore liquefied natural gas floating storage regasification unit (FSRU) is studied. On the basis of considering different boil-off gas (BOG) practical treatment processes, a cascade comprehensive utilization scheme of cold energy of ...

Liquid air energy storage (LAES) uses air as both the storage medium and working fluid, and it falls into the broad category of thermo-mechanical energy storage technologies. The LAES technology ...

With the development of the hydrogen energy industry, the requirement for hydrogen storage density is becoming progressively high. The US Department of Energy (DOE) and the International Energy Agency (IEA) require hydrogen mass storage density of 6.5% for fuel cell vehicles and 5% for future hydrogen storage materials, respectively ...

A metric of energy efficiency of storage is energy storage on energy invested (ESOI), which is the amount of energy that can be stored by a technology, divided by the amount of energy required to build that technology. The higher the ESOI, the better the storage technology is energetically.

2 J. Therm. Sci., Vol.30, No.1, 2021 Nomenclatures COPc Cooling performance of the mechanical chiller PH Power and Hot water COPh Heating performance of the air source heat pump PHC Power, Hot water and Cooling e Specific exergy/kJ·kg-1 PHH Power, Hot water and Heating h Specific enthalpy/kJ·kg-1 Subscripts m Mass flow rate/kg·s-1 abs ...

Currently, pumped hydro energy storage (PHES) and compressed air energy storage (CAES) are the major technologies that can be applied to grid-scale energy storage [3, 4]. The PHES is a well-developed and efficient technology; however, it has strict requirements in terms of geological characteristics, and most of the suitable



locations ...

Liquid air energy storage (LAES) technology stands out among these various EES technologies, emerging as a highly promising solution for large-scale energy storage, owing to its high energy density, geographical flexibility, cost-effectiveness, and multi-vector energy service provision [11, 12]. The fundamental technical characteristics ...

Lee et al. proposed a liquid air energy storage system for LNG cold energy recovery, with storage efficiency and discharge efficiency of 94.2% and 61.1% ...

Total energy efficiency and cost analysis Table 2 shows the energy efficiency obtained by each storing method (carrier) covering production, transportation, and utilization. Production refers to liquefaction for liquid hydrogen, hydrogenation for MCH, and synthesis for ammonia.

This article provides an overview of emerging solar-energy technologies with significant development potential. In this sense, the authors have selected PV/T [2], building-integrated PV/T [3], concentrating solar power [4], solar thermochemistry [5], solar-driven water distillation [6], solar thermal energy storage [7], and solar-assisted heat ...

A heat engine gives out 500 J of heat energy as useful work. Determine the energy supplied to it as input if its efficiency is 40%. Solution: Given: Energy output = 500 J. Efficiency i = 40 %. Efficiency i = 40 %. Efficiency i = 40 %. Place of the energy output / Energy Input × 100 %. Place of the energy output / i = 500 / 0.40

Hydrogen energy has enjoyed a long history of popularity as a sustainable fuel [42, 43], with a wide range of origins [44], high energy density [45] and clean combustion products [46]. Of the current methods of producing hydrogen, steam methane reforming is the predominant one [47]. The reforming reaction is a high-temperature, ...

BTO"s Thermal Energy Storage R& D programs develops cost-effective technologies to support both energy efficiency and ... (RDD& D) to accelerate the commercialization and utilization of next-generation energy storage technologies for building applications. In the United States, buildings consume approximately 39% of all primary energy and 74% of ...

a great potential for applications in local decentralized micro energy networks. Keywords: liquid air energy storage, cryogenic energy storage, micro energy grids, combined heating, cooling and power supply, heat pump 1. Introduction Liquid air energy storage (LAES) is gaining increasing attention for large-scale electrical storage in recent years

Data centers are becoming considerably more significant and energy-intensive due to the exponential growth of cloud computing. Cloud computing allows people to access computer resources on demand. It provides



amenities on the pay-as-you-go basis across the data center locations spread over the world. Consequently, cloud data centers ...

Energy efficiency is called the "first fuel" in clean energy transitions, as it provides some of the quickest and most cost-effective CO2 mitigation options while lowering energy bills and strengthening energy security. ... in the NZE Scenario all new buildings will need to use 50% less energy for heating and cooling by 2030 compared with ...

Ammonia (NH 3) plays a vital role in global agricultural systems owing to its fertilizer usage is a prerequisite for all nitrogen mineral fertilizers and around 70 % of globally produced ammonia is utilized for fertilizers [1]; the remnant is employed in numerous industrial applications namely: chemical, energy storage, cleaning, steel industry and ...

The significant rise in energy usage is one of the primary problems endangering the environment's integrity. About 80 % of the carbon dioxide (CO 2) released into the ...

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