



# Thin-film solar cells for indoor use

The researchers obtained eight types of PV devices, ranging from traditional amorphous silicon to thin-film technologies such as dye-sensitized solar cells. They measured each material's ability to convert light into electricity, first under simulated sunlight and then under a cool white LED light.

Abstract. Recently, indoor photovoltaics have gained research attention due to their potential applications in the Internet of Things (IoT) sector and most of the devices in modern technology are controlled via wireless/or battery-less means ...

The substrate is as thin as 1mil (0.025mm) thick. Thin-Film Amorphous Silicon. Amorphous silicon is the absorber layer in the solar panels. The amount of silicon used in PowerFilm solar panels is as low as 1 percent of the amount used in traditional solar panels. PowerFilm has a strong environmental profile and is cadmium free.

Thus, recent enormous progress in indoor photovoltaics prompts us to highlight the applicability of all three generations of solar cells i.e., crystalline silicon, amorphous silicon and thin films, and organic/dye-sensitized/perovskites working under indoor conditions, ...

Solar thin-film panels are an exciting look into the future of flexible and mobile solar technology. While they are not yet competitive with traditional solar products, the cells are showing potential. Due to low ...

Therefore, this study investigates the use of transparent hydrogenated amorphous silicon (a-Si:H) solar cells for a broad range of applications, including indoor light ...

Perovskite solar cells (PSCs) have shown a significant increase in power conversion efficiency (PCE) under laboratory circumstances from 2006 to the present, rising from 3.8% to an astonishing 25%. This scientific breakthrough corresponds to the changing energy situation and rising industrial potential. The flexible perovskite solar cell (FPSC), which ...

Energy generation and consumption have always been an important component of social development. Interests in this field are beginning to shift to indoor photovoltaics (IPV) which can serve as power sources under low light conditions to meet the energy needs of rapidly growing fields, such as intelligence gathering and information processing which usually operate ...

This review provides an overview of the developments of thin film solar cells, particularly solution-processed dye-sensitized solar cells, organic solar cells, quantum dot solar cells, and upcoming organic-inorganic metal halide ...

Flexible and transparent thin-film silicon solar cells were fabricated and optimized for building-integrated photovoltaics and bifacial operation. A laser lift-off method was developed to avoid ...



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Therefore, this study investigates the use of transparent hydrogenated amorphous silicon (a-Si:H) solar cells for a broad range of applications, including indoor light harvesting. High-gap triple layers were employed in the a-Si:H solar cells to obtain a high shunt resistance and high short-circuit current,  $J_{SC}$ , and open-circuit voltage,  $V_{OC}$  ...

of silicon (Si) solar cells in 1954 (2), thus laying the foundation for modern photovoltaic industry. However, compared with the suitable bandgap of Si ( $\sim 1.12$  eV) for single-junction solar cells, an obvious drawback of Se for photovoltaic applications is its wide bandgap of  $\sim 1.9$  eV (3). This is too large for the use as a single-ab-

The Internet of things (IoT) has been rapidly growing in the past few years. IoT connects numerous devices, such as wireless sensors, actuators, and wearable devices, to optimize and monitor daily activities. Most of these devices require power in the microwatt range and operate indoors. To this end, a self-sustainable power source, such as a photovoltaic ...

Request PDF | Transparent Thin-Film Silicon Solar Cells for Indoor Light Harvesting with Conversion Efficiencies of 36% without Photo-degradation | With the development of the Internet of Things ...

As-fabricated perovskite solar minimodules based on 2D-3D bulk heterostructures present a record indoor efficiency of 43.54% with a high open-circuit voltage ( $V_{oc}$ ) of 6.49 V (average  $V_{oc}$  of 1.08 V for each subcell) under LED illumination (1,000 lux and 3,000 K). Such indoor perovskite photovoltaics can efficiently power wireless electronic ...

New types of thin film solar cells made from earth-abundant, non-toxic materials and with adequate physical properties such as band-gap energy, large absorption coefficient and p-type conductivity are needed in order to replace the current technology based on  $CuInGaSe_2$  and CdTe absorber materials, which contain scarce and toxic elements. One ...

Kim et al. investigate the effect of chlorine in perovskite precursors for indoor light applications. Use of chlorine has a significant effect on the photovoltaic performance of perovskite solar cells, especially under low-intensity indoor light. They demonstrate 35.25 and 231.78  $mW/cm^2$  under 400-lux LED and halogen illumination.

Photovoltaic (PV) energy is an efficient natural energy source for outdoor applications. However, for indoor applications, the efficiency of PV cells is much lower. Typically, the light intensity under artificial lighting conditions is less than 10  $W/m^2$  as compared to 100-1000  $W/m^2$  under outdoor conditions. Moreover, the spectrum is different from the ...

With the development of the Internet of Things (IoT), indoor photovoltaics are attracting considerable interest owing to their potential to benefit various IoT-related fields. Therefore, this study investigates the use of transparent hydrogenated amorphous silicon (a-Si:H) solar cells for a broad range of applications, including



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indoor light harvesting. High gap triple ...

As calculated by Bahrami-Yekta, the optimum thickness of a-Si solar cell for indoor applications is supposed to be 1.8 mm. 78 So unlike high absorption coefficient QD and perovskite thin films (few hundred-nanometer ...

In reality, silicon-wafer cells achieve, on average, 15 to 25 percent efficiency. Thin-film solar cells are finally becoming competitive. The efficiency of CdTe solar cells has reached just more than 15 percent, and CIGS solar cells have reached 20 percent efficiency. There are health concerns with the use of cadmium in thin-film solar cells.

Abstract: The effect of low irradiance for thin film solar cells is investigated in this work. First, a-Si:H/CIGS/DSSC/OPV four kinds of thin film solar cells are fabricated and measured with the sun simulator (AM 1.5G, 100 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>). Then, the saturation current density  $J_0$  is extracted from the  $V_{oc}$  and  $J_{sc}$ . Spectral irradiance of the desk light, LED light, sun light at ...

ARTICLE Novel symmetrical bifacial exible CZTSSe thin lm solar cells for indoor photovoltaic applications Hui Deng 1, Quanzhen Sun 1, Zhiyuan Yang 1, Wangyang Li 1, Qiong Yan 1, Caixia Zhang 1,2 ...

Matthews and group have shown that the power density of GaAs solar cell is three times more than that of dye sensitized solar cells at indoor light levels [130], [40] A GaAs solar cell of credit card sized can supply 4 mW power to a wireless sensor in a well lit office space (~1000 lx) (Mathews et al., 2014).

While amorphous silicon based PV modules have been around for more than 20 years, recent industrial developments include the first polycrystalline silicon thin-film solar ...

In this way, a proof-of-concept solar cell with 3.4% cell efficiency (41% fill factor, 0.82 V open-circuit voltage and 10.2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup> short-circuit current density) is attained, opening the door to the use of paper as a reliable substrate to fabricate inorganic PV cells for a plethora of indoor applications with tremendous impact in ...

Environment-friendly flexible Cu<sub>2</sub>ZnSn(S,Se)<sub>4</sub> (CZTSSe) solar cells show great potentials for indoor photovoltaic market. Indoor lighting is weak and multi-directional, ...

The Shockley-Quisser (SQ) limit of 28.64% is distant from the Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> solar cells" record power conversion efficiency (PCE), which is 8.00%. Such poor efficiency is mostly owing to substantial ...

In this work we present the first systematic study on the prospect of Cu<sub>2</sub>ZnSn(S,Se)<sub>4</sub> or CZTSSe-based thin film photovoltaic devices for indoor energy harvesting applications. Based on numerical analysis, we estimate the performance characteristics of the experimentally reported highest-efficiency CZTSSe device when it is operated under a ...



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These solar cells are specifically used at places of high-performance requirements. The primary dissimilarity between thin-film and c-Si solar cells lies in the flexible pairing of PV materials. Thin-film solar cells are cheaper than mature c-Si wafer cells (sheets). Moreover, thin films are easier to handle and more flexible.

In the last few years the need and demand for utilizing clean energy resources has increased dramatically. Energy received from sun in the form of light is a sustainable, reliable and renewable energy resource. This light energy can be transformed into electricity using solar cells (SCs). Silicon was early used and still as first material for SCs fabrication. Thin film SCs ...

Indoor Solar Panels, Indoor Solar Cells. Features: - Indoor solar cells, amorphous solar cells, thin film solar cells - Glass substrate - Solar Panel thickness: 1.1mm (indoor) or 3.2mm (outdoor) - Provide good charging or direct power under low light and indoor lighting conditions. - Customized shape & different size available.

Thin-film solar cells based on CdTe and CIGSSe, had power conversion efficiencies of 22.1 and 23.4%, respectively [7, 8]. Thin-film solar cells based on CdTe and CIGSSe, on the other hand, are not cost-effective due to the use of highly sophisticated vacuum-based deposition methods in the fabrication of inorganic thin-film, such as vacuum ...

There are four main types of thin-film solar panels: amorphous, cadmium telluride, copper gallium indium diselenide, and organic solar panels. Amorphous solar panels are more flexible but less efficient than other types of thin-film solar panels. Cadmium telluride (CdTe) is the most popular material for manufacturers of thin-film solar panels.

The recent progress in thin-film solar cell (TFSC) technologies has broadened the possibility to employ eco-friendly photovoltaic (PV) technology for solar energy harvesting. Various types of photovoltaic technologies have been developed, among which thin-film solar cells have gained a significant place among other photovoltaic technologies.

The third generation thin-film solar cells, including dye-sensitized solar cells, perovskite solar cells and organic solar cells, have made rapid progress from the aspect of materials design to photovoltaic performance. ... In particular, indoor thin-film photovoltaics can integrate with electrochemical energy storage device, such as ...

Solar thin-film panels are an exciting look into the future of flexible and mobile solar technology. While they are not yet competitive with traditional solar products, the cells are showing potential. Due to low efficiencies and larger coverage areas needed, the panels are recommended for commercial and small-scale applications as opposed to ...

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